

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) Report

Applicant: YIWU JIEKANG MEDICAL ARTICLES CO.,LTD

Economic Development Zone Gaoxin Garden Yiwu City

Zhejiang province, China.

SDS number: SHAH00921640

Issue Date: 2018-03-09

Sample Description:

The sample information was submitted and identified on client's behalf to be:

Product Name : PLASTER OF PARIS BANDAGE

Physical State : Solid

Data Received : Mar 05, 2018

Data Reviewed : Mar 09, 2018

Service Requested:

Based on the information provided by the applicant, the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was generated in accordance with requirements of OSHA HazCom Standard (2012), for details please refer to attached pages.

Authorized By:

On Behalf Of Regulatory Affairs in Intertek Testing Services Ltd., Shanghai

Anna Wang Regulatory Consultant This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.

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Safety Data Sheet

PLASTER OF PARIS BANDAGE

YIWU JIEKANG MEDICAL ARTICLES CO.,LTD

SDS number: SHAH00921640

Issue Date:09/03/2018 GHS.USA.EN

Version No:**1.0**According to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	PLASTER OF PARIS BANDAGE
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses handcraft or hospital

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Supplier name	YIWU JIEKANG MEDICAL ARTICLES CO.,LTD
Address	Economic Development Zone Gaoxin Garden Yiwu City Zhejiang province, China.
Telephone	0086-579-85432021
Fax	0086-579-85326767
Emergency telephone	0086-579-85432122
Email	ywjkmed@cnjiekang.com
Importer name	
Address	
Telephone	
Email	

Emergency phone number

- · ·	
Association / Organisation	
Emergency telephone numbers	

SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes

Classification

Serious Eye Damage Category 1

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



SIGNAL WORD

DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Version No:1.0 Page 2 of 7 Issue Date:09/03/2018

PLASTER OF PARIS BANDAGE

P103 Read label before use.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7778-18-9	88	calcium sulfate
10101-41-4	7	Calcium sulfate dihydrate
1305-78-8	5	<u>calcium oxide</u>

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Incompatibility

Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- ▶ Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

None known.

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. May emit corrosive fumes.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills

- ► Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.

Major Spills

Moderate hazard.

► CAUTION: Advise personnel in area.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

- ▶ Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
- ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

Other information

- ▶ Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

▶ PE OR PET container.

Storage incompatibility

None known

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium sulfate	Anhydrous calcium sulfate, Anhydrous gypsum, Anhydrous sulfate of lime, Calcium salt of sulfuric acid [Note: Gypsum is the dihydrate form and Plaster of Paris is the hemihydrate form.]	10 (total), 5 (resp) mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	calcium sulfate	Calcium sulfate	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Nasal symptoms
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	calcium sulfate	Calcium sulfate: Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	calcium sulfate	Calcium sulfate: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	Calcium sulfate dihydrate	Calcium sulfate	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Nasal symptoms
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	calcium oxide	Burned lime, Burnt lime, Lime, Pebble lime, Quick lime, Unslaked lime	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	calcium oxide	Calcium oxide	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	calcium oxide	Calcium oxide	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
calcium sulfate	Calcium sulfate anhydrous; (Drierite; Gypsum; Plaster of Paris)	30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
Calcium sulfate dihydrate	Calcium(II) sulfate dihydrate (1:1:2)	30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
calcium oxide	Calcium oxide	6 mg/m3	110 mg/m3	660 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
calcium oxide	25 mg/m3	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering
Appropriate engineering
controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

Personal protection









Eye and face protection

- ► Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles.

Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved, dry solids, where abrasive particles are not present. • polychloroprene.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls. ► P.V.C.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Respiratory protection

Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

▶ Respirators may be necessary when engineering and administrative controls do not adequately prevent exposures.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	White solid		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Flammable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Not Available	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7	
Chemical stability	duct is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7	
Conditions to avoid	See section 7	
Incompatible materials	See section 7	
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5	

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

PLASTER OF PARIS BANDAGE	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available
calcium sulfate	TOXICITY Oral (rat) LD50: >1581 mg/kg ^[1]	IRRITATION Not Available
calcium oxide	TOXICITY Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2500 mg/kg ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >6.04 mg/l4 h ^[1] Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	IRRITATION Not Available

Legend:	Nealue obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances		
Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

★ - Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

PLASTER OF PARIS BANDAGE	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
LASTER OF PARIS BANDAGE	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	>1970mg/L	4
calcium sulfate	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	3200mg/L	4
	EC0	96	Crustacea	=1255.000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	360mg/L	4
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
calcium oxide	LC50	96	Fish	33.884mg/L	2
	NOEC	48	Crustacea	33.3mg/L	2

Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
calcium sulfate	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
calcium sulfate	LOW (LogKOW = -2.2002)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
calcium sulfate	LOW (KOC = 6.124)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ► Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

CALCIUM SULFATE(7778-18-9) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants US - California OEHHA/ARB - Acute Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (RELs) US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits Contaminants US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Inactive) US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Rule US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1) US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs) US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1 US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

CALCIUM SULFATE DIHYDRATE(10101-41-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - California OEHHA/ARB - Acute Reference Exposure Levels and Target Organs (RELs)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List

CALCIUM OXIDE(1305-78-8) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS	
US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants
US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants	US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air
US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits	Contaminants
US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants	US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants
US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals	US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants	US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)	US List of Active Substances Exempt from the TSCA Inventory Notifications (Active-Inactive)
US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)	Rule
US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List	US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
US - Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List	US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1
US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants	US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES	
Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	No
Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	Yes
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

State Regulations

US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

None Reported

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

Definitions and abbreviations

 ${\sf PC-TWA} : {\sf Permissible\ Concentration-Time\ Weighted\ Average}$

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors